### 6.2 Bisectors of Triangles

Each figure shows a triangle with its three angle bisectors intersecting at point $P$.

1. $P T=3$. Find $P U$.

2. Find $P V$ if $P W=7$.

3. Find $P D$ if $P C=8$.

4. $\quad P Y=2$ and $H P=3$.

Find $H Y$.

${ }^{6}$. Find $A P$ if $P Q=1$ and $A R=2$.

7. $P T=5$ and $F P=7$.

Find $F T$.

8.
$P T=3$ and $C P=8$.
Find $C T$.


Use the diagram and the given information to find the indicated measures.
9. $P J=4 x-8, P L=x+7$

Find $P K$.

10. $P N=6 x+2, P M=8 x-14$

Find $P L$.

11. $L G=6 x-14, N G=-3 x+22$

Find $M G$ and $N G$.

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$\qquad$

### 6.2 Puzzle Time

## What Did The Computer Do At Lunchtime? It . . .

Write the letter of each answer in the box containing the exercise number.

## Complete the sentence.

1. When three or more lines, rays, or segments intersect in the same point, they are called $\qquad$ lines, rays, or segments.
2. The circumcenter of a triangle is $\qquad$ from the vertices of the triangle.
3. The angle $\qquad$ of a triangle are congruent.
4. The $\qquad$ of the triangle is the point of intersection of angle bisectors.
5. The incenter of a triangle always lies $\qquad$ the triangle

Find the indicated measure using the diagram. The perpendicular bisectors are at points $D, E$, and $F$. Angle bisectors are at $A, B$, and $C$.

6. $A G=13, B D=5$; Find $G D$.
7. $G F=8, G C=17$; Find $A F$.

## Answers

H. 12
U. circumcenter
D. inside
T. equiangular
N. measurements
A. concurrent
M. 5
R. outside
E. 15
Y. 23
E. 6
B. bisectors
O. congruent
S. 18
T. equidistant
A. incenter
8. $G$ is the incenter, $G D=4 x-1$, and $G E=3 x+5$; Find $G F$.


