

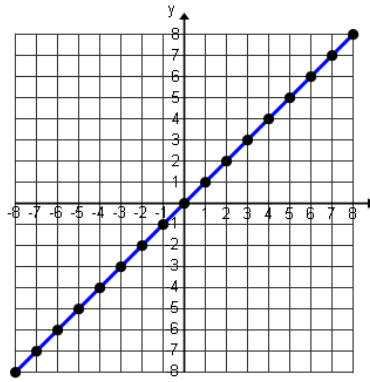
Effects on Slope

Notes: Linear Parent Function: $f(x) = x$

Written in Slope - Intercept Form: $f(x) = mx + b$

$y = x$ or $f(x) = x$

$m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$f(bx) = \underline{\hspace{4cm}}$

$af(x) = \underline{\hspace{4cm}}$

Notes: How to Write The New Function

Inside Multiplication: $f(bx)$

$f(x) = 3x$ $g(x) = f(2x)$ $f(x) = 5x - 1$ $g(x) = f(2x)$
 $g(x) = 3(2x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $g(x) = 5(2x) - 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

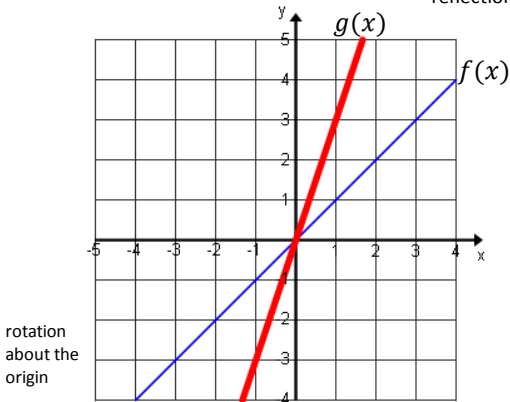
Outside Multiplication: $af(x)$

$f(x) = 3x$ $g(x) = 2f(x)$ $f(x) = 5x - 1$ $g(x) = 2f(x)$
 $g(x) = 2(3x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $g(x) = 2(5x - 1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

1. $f(x) = x$ $g(x) = f(3x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

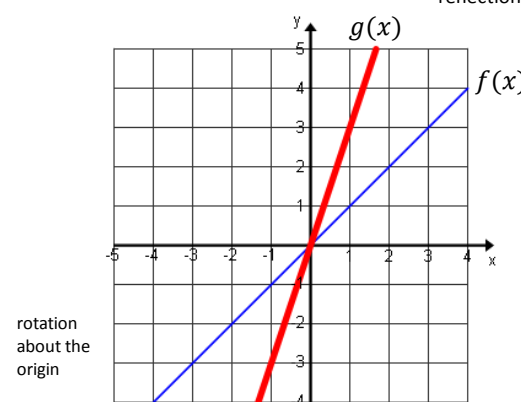
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection



2. $f(x) = x$ $g(x) = 3f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

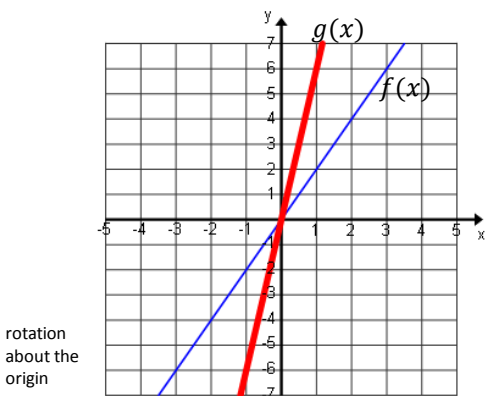
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection



3. $f(x) = 2x$ $g(x) = f(3x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\hspace{15em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

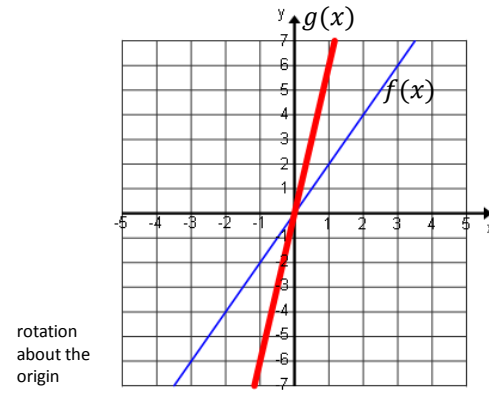
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection



4. $f(x) = 2x$ $g(x) = 3f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\hspace{15em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection

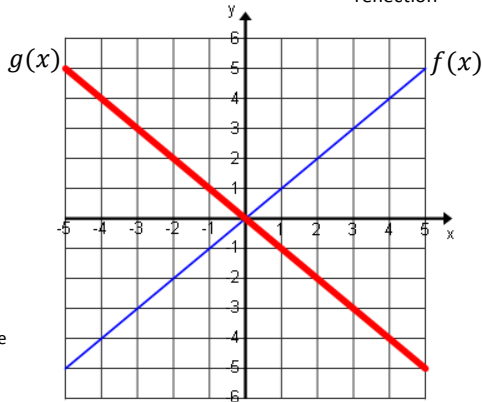


5. $f(x) = x$ $g(x) = f(-x) =$ _____

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
reflection



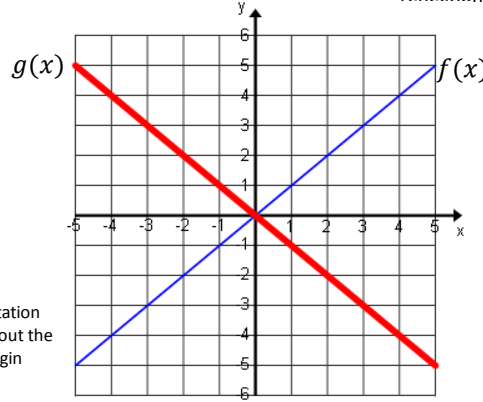
rotation about the origin

6. $f(x) = x$ $g(x) = -f(x) =$ _____

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
reflection



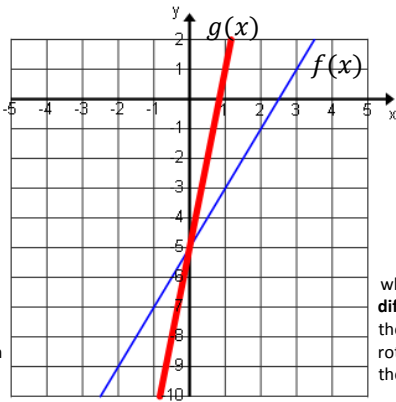
rotation about the origin

7. $f(x) = 2x - 5$ $g(x) = f(3x) =$ _____

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
reflection



when **b is the same** there is a rotation about the **y-axis**

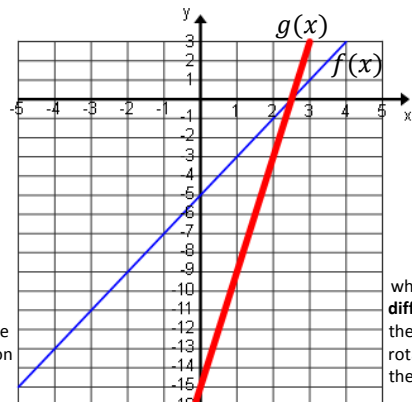
when **b is different** there is a rotation about the **x-axis**

8. $f(x) = 2x - 5$ $g(x) = 3f(x) =$ _____

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
reflection



when **b is the same** there is a rotation about the **y-axis**

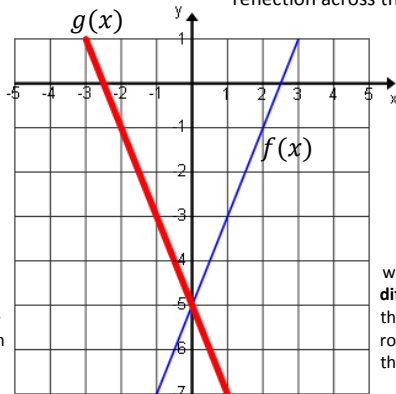
when **b is different** there is a rotation about the **x-axis**

9. $f(x) = 2x - 5$ $g(x) = f(-x) =$ _____

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
reflection across the y-axis



when **b is the same** there is a rotation about the **y-axis**

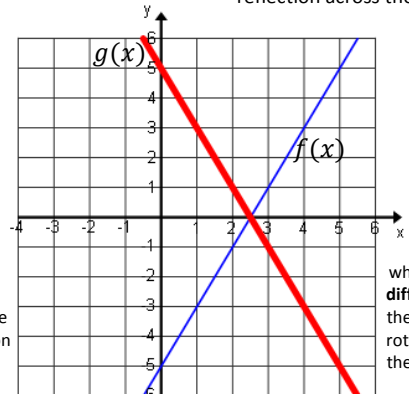
when **b is different** there is a rotation about the **x-axis**

10. $f(x) = 2x - 5$ $g(x) = -f(x) =$ _____

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

$m =$ ___ $b =$ ___

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
reflection across the x-axis



when **b is the same** there is a rotation about the **y-axis**

when **b is different** there is a rotation about the **x-axis**

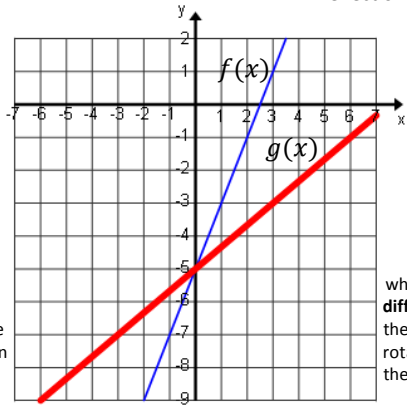
$$11. f(x) = 2x - 5 \quad g(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\hspace{10em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \quad b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \quad b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection



when **b is the same** there is a rotation about the **y-axis**

when **b is different** there is a rotation about the **x-axis**

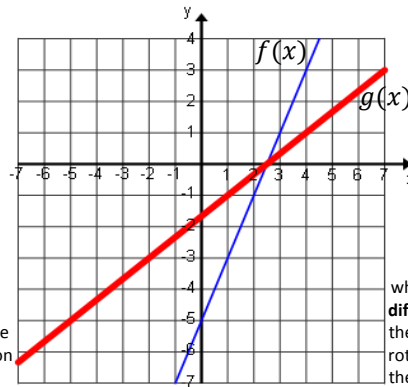
$$12. f(x) = 2x - 5 \quad g(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\hspace{10em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \quad b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \quad b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection



when **b is the same** there is a rotation about the **y-axis**

when **b is different** there is a rotation about the **x-axis**

Reflection: What do you remember?

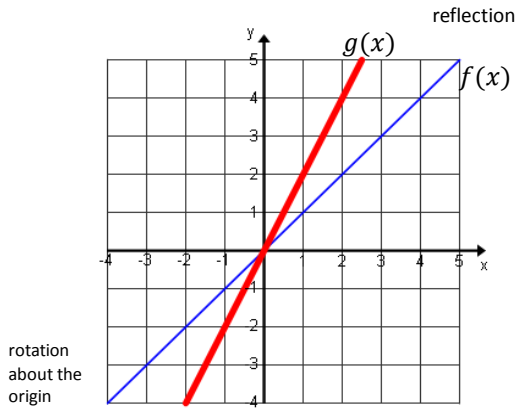
1. When do you replace the x with an expression?
2. When do you use the distributive property?
3. When is there a rotation about the x-axis?
4. When is there a rotation about the y-axis?
5. When is there a rotation about the origin?
6. When will there be a reflection?

Guided Practice: Effects on Slope

Write the new function and determine the steepness.

1. $f(x) = x$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $g(x) = f(2x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

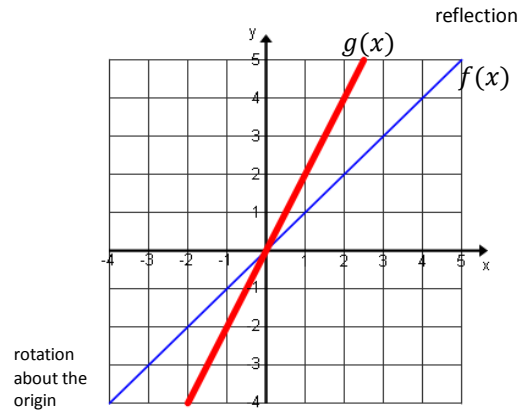
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

2. $f(x) = x$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $g(x) = 2f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

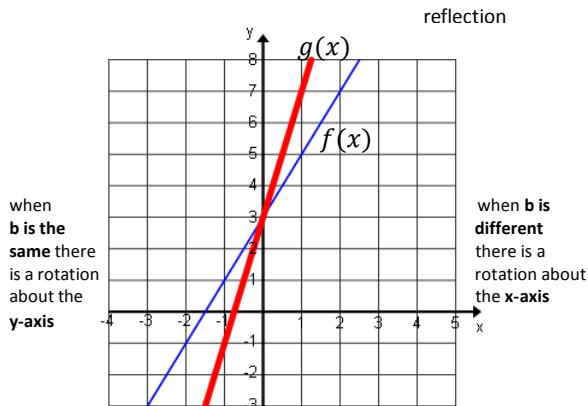
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

3. $f(x) = 2x + 3$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $g(x) = f(2x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\hspace{10em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

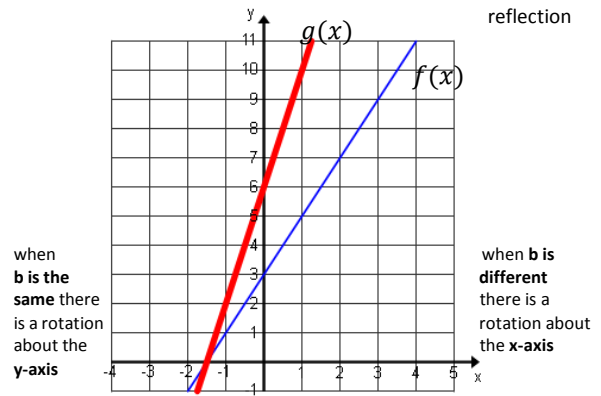
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

4. $f(x) = 2x + 3$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $g(x) = 2f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\hspace{10em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

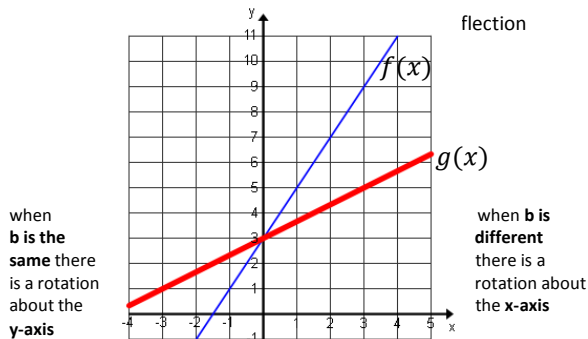
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

5. $f(x) = 2x + 3$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $g(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\hspace{10em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

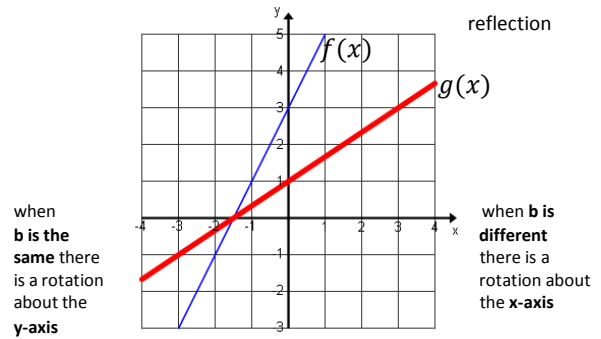
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

6. $f(x) = 2x + 3$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\hspace{10em} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

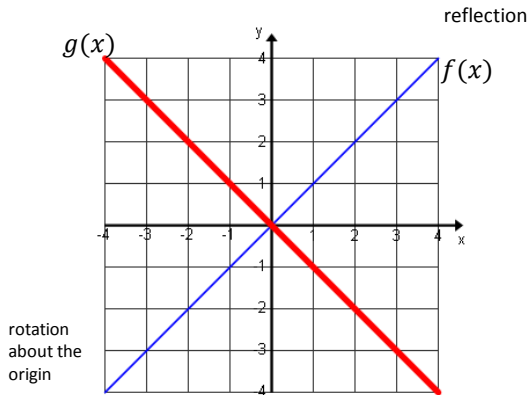
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

7. $f(x) = x$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $g(x) = f(-x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

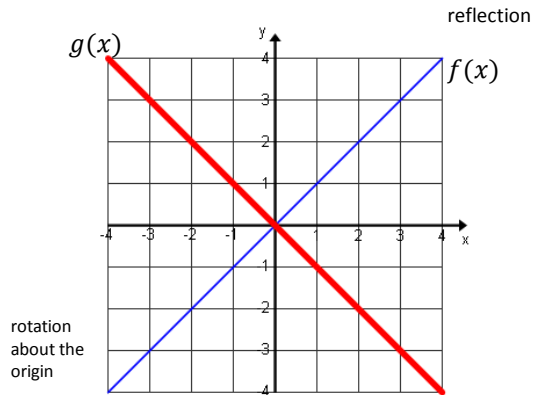
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

8. $f(x) = x$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $g(x) = -f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

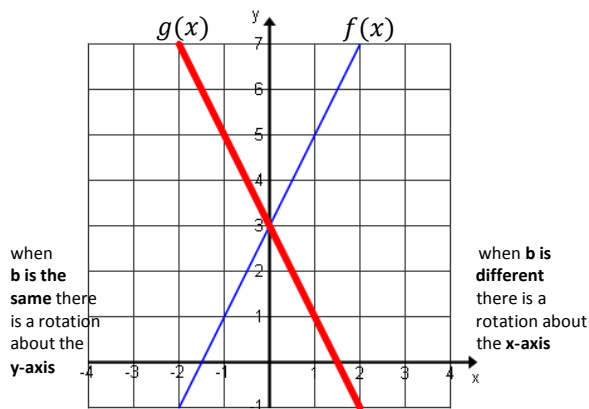
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

9. $f(x) = 2x + 3$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $g(x) = f(-x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

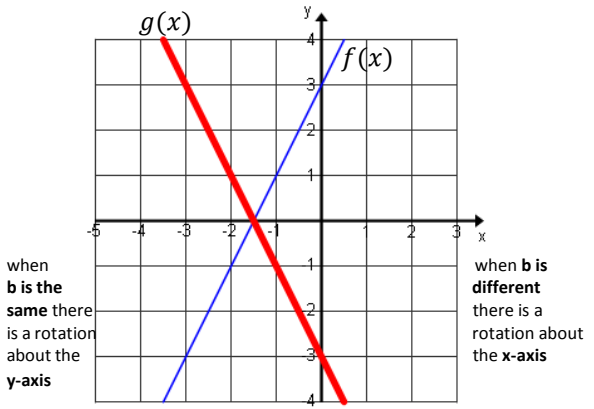
g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection across the y-axis



Write the new function and determine the steepness.

10. $f(x) = 2x + 3$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $g(x) = -f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

g(x): Steeper Less Steep Same Steepness
 reflection across the x-axis



What conclusions can you make about the steepness of a line with regards to its slope?

What conclusions can you make about the effects that **f(bx)** has on the graph of a line?

What conclusions can you make about the effects that **af(x)** has on the graph of a line?